

## Pro – Zadanie z Codeforces / Div2 / B

Zadanie pochodzi z platformy Codeforces:

<https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/1697/B>

### B. Promo

time limit per test: 2 seconds

memory limit per test: 256 megabytes

input: standard input

output: standard output

The store sells  $n$  items, the price of the  $i$ -th item is  $p_i$ . The store's management is going to hold a promotion: if a customer purchases at least  $x$  items,  $y$  cheapest of them are free.

The management has not yet decided on the exact values of  $x$  and  $y$ . Therefore, they ask you to process  $q$  queries: for the given values of  $x$  and  $y$ , determine the maximum total value of items received for free, if a customer makes **one purchase**.

Note that all queries are independent; they don't affect the store's stock.

#### Input

The first line contains two integers  $n$  and  $q$  ( $1 \leq n, q \leq 2 \cdot 10^5$ ) — the number of items in the store and the number of queries, respectively.

The second line contains  $n$  integers  $p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n$  ( $1 \leq p_i \leq 10^6$ ), where  $p_i$  — the price of the  $i$ -th item.

The following  $q$  lines contain two integers  $x_i$  and  $y_i$  each ( $1 \leq y_i \leq x_i \leq n$ ) — the values of the parameters  $x$  and  $y$  in the  $i$ -th query.

#### Output

For each query, print a single integer — the maximum total value of items received for free **for one purchase**.

## Example

<b>input</b>	<a href="#">Copy</a>
5 3 5 3 1 5 2 3 2 1 1 5 3	
<b>output</b>	<a href="#">Copy</a>
8 5 6	

## Note

In the first query, a customer can buy three items worth 5, 3, 5, the two cheapest of them are  $3 + 5 = 8$ .

In the second query, a customer can buy two items worth 5 and 5, the cheapest of them is 5.

In the third query, a customer has to buy all the items to receive the three cheapest of them for free; their total price is  $1 + 2 + 3 = 6$ .